Monitoring Technique

VARIMETER IMD Insulation Monitor AN 5873



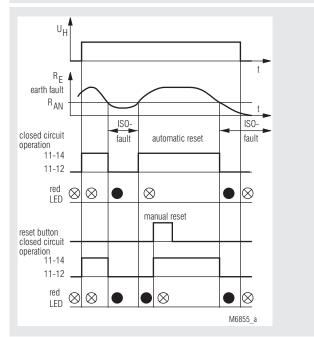


Product Description

The insulation monitor AN 5873 of the series VARIMETER IMD monitors the ground resistance of ungrounded DC and 3-phase AC voltage systems (IT-systems) with nominal voltage up to DC 0 ... 1000 V and 3 AC 24 ... 690 V.

The unit detects symmetrical as well as unsymmetrical faults. The separate auxiliary supply allows also monitoring when the system is without voltage. To indicate the actual ground resistance value the unit has an LED chain and an analogue output. When a fault is detected the relay switches and the red LED lights up.

Function Diagram



Your Adventages

- Preventive fire and system protection
- Insulation monitoring of DC- and 3 AC-systems up to 1000 V and 3 AC 690 V nominal voltage
- No additional coupling device required
- Monitoring also with voltage-free mains

Features

- Insulation monitoring according to IEC/EN 61 557-8
- Fixed response value R_{AN}
- Internal reset button
- · External reset and test button can be connected
- LED indicator
- 1 changeover contact
- Programmable for manual reset or hysteresis function
- Analogue output for insulating value
- External connection of indicating instrument possible
- as option de-energized on trip or energized on trip
- Width 100 mm

Approvals and Markings



Applications

Monitoring of the ground resistance of isolated 3-phase and DC-current systems.

Functions

The device is supplied with auxiliary voltage via terminals A1/A2. After connecting the auxiliary supply a 10 s start up delay is active allowing the measuring circuit to start. After this, measurement of the insulation resistance in the measuring circuits begins.

Measuring circuit

(Insulation measurement between terminals L1/L2/L3 and PE resp. L+/Land PE). The connection to a 3-phase AC voltage system is done on terminals L1, L2, L3, to a DC voltage system on terminals L+ and L-. The terminal PE is connected to protective earth.

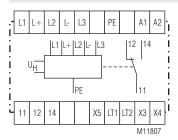
An active measuring voltage with alternating polarity is applied between L1/L2/L3 and PE resp. L+/L- and PE to measure the insulation resistance. The length of the positive and negative measuring phases has a fixed factory setting of 2 s (max. leakage capacitance of 1 μ F).

The LED-chain and the analogue output show the actual determined insulating resistance, and the output relays witch according to the respective response values set. If the response thresholds has been undercut the red LED "R_E < R_{AN}" lights up.

Indicators

LED chain: red LED: shows actual resistance to ground on, when ground fault

Circuit Diagram



Connection Terminals

Terminal designation	Signal designation
A1, A2	AC-auxiliay voltage U _H
L1, L2, L3	Connection for measuring circuit (3-phase systems)
L+, L-	Connection for measuring circuit (DC systems)
PE	Connection for protective conductor
X5 (/LT1)	Control input (manual / auto reset) X5/LT1 bridged: manual reset X5/LT1 not bridged: auto reset
LT1, LT2	Connection option for external reset-button
X3, X4	Analogue output
11, 12, 14	Alarm signal relay (1 changeover contact)

Notes

The device can be connected on the AC or on DC side of a mixed voltage system and monitors the ground fault on the AC and also on the DC side with the same response sensitivity. When connected on the AC side, the unit requires 3-phase connection.

The response value R_{AN} is fixed. An external Indicator Instrument can be connected.

The unit works de-energized on trip, that means, the output relay relase in position of rest at a insulation failures ($R_{E} < R_{AN}$).

A bridge allows to select auto or manual reset. The unit has a built in reset button on the front and allows connection of an external button also. To provide a function test an external test button can be connected via a testing resistor.

The analogue output (X3-X4) provides a voltage signal proportional to the actual insulation resistance of the mains. The following formula describes the input to output ratio.

$$U_{A} = \frac{U_{max}}{\frac{180 \text{ k}\Omega}{\text{ R}_{r}}} ; \qquad U_{max} = 13,25 \text{ V} \pm 0,25 \text{ V}$$

(0V at $R_{_{\rm F}} = 0$ and 13,0 13,5 V at $R_{_{\rm F}} = \infty$)

These values are valid for $C_{E} = 0$ (see characteristic). In practice it makes no sense to monitor values above 11 ... 12 V as the tolerances increase, especially with mains capacity.

The AN 5873 connects an alternating measuring voltage to the monitored voltage system. This voltage has a low frequency with a time periode of 2 ... 16 sec. so that a fast changing mains voltage could lead to a fault. When the mains is back to normal this fault is reset.

In one voltage system only one Insulation monitor must be connected. This has to be observed when coupling voltage system.

Technical Data

Auxiliary circuit

Auxiliary voltage U_µ: Voltage range: Frequency range: Nominal consumption:

Measuring Circuit

3 AC 24 ... 690 V / \leq DC 1 000 V Nominal voltage U_N: Voltage range: 0.8 ... 1.15 U_N / 0 ... 1.15 U_N Frequency range: 40 ... 60 Hz Response value R_{AN}: 50 k Ω , 10 ... 440 k Ω on request Setting R_{AN}: Internal AC resistance: fixed > 120 kΩ Internal DC resistance: > 150 kΩ Measuring voltage: approx. +/- 13 V Max. measuring current (RE = 0): < 0.3 mA Max. permissible noise DC 1000 V DC voltage: Measuring cycle internally 2 ... 16 s adjustable: Line capacitance CE to ground: 1 ... 20 μF factory setting: 2 s (for $CE = 1 \mu F$) **Operate delay** at $R_{AN} = 50 \text{ k}\Omega$, $CE = 1 \mu F$ $R_{\rm E}$ from ∞ to 0.9 $R_{\rm AN}$: < 15 s R_{F}^{i} from ∞ to 0 kΩ: < 10 s Hysteresis at $R_{AN} = 50 \text{ k}\Omega$: approx. 5 % Nominal consumption: approx. 4 VA \pm 15% \pm 1.5 k Ω IEC/EN 61 557-8 **Response inaccuracy:** Phase failure bridging: > 40 ms

AC 230, others on request

0.8 ... 1.2 U_N

40 ... 400 Hz

approx. 4 VA

Output

Contacts AN 5873.11: Max. switching voltage: Thermal current I _{th} : Switching capacity to AC 15	1 changeover conta AC 250 V 8 A	ct
NO contact:	3 A / AC 230 V	IEC/EN 60 947-5-1
NC contact:	1 A / AC 230 V	IEC/EN 60 947-5-1
Electrical life		
at 8 A, AC 250 V:	2 x 10 ⁵ switching cy	cles
Short circuit strength		
max. fuse rating:	6 A gG / gL	IEC/EN 60 947-5-1
Mechanical life:	30 x 10 ⁶ switching c	ycles

Analogue output

for actual insulating value, no galvanic separation to measuring circuit terminals X3-X4:

typ. 0 ... 13.25 V / R, approx. 50 Ω $(0 \text{ V at } R_{_{\rm F}} = 0 \text{ and } 13.0 \dots 13.5 \text{ V}$ at $R_{F} = \infty$) X4 is internal connected with PE

Technical Data			Variants	
General Data			AN 5873.11/101: AN 5873.11/102:	open circuit operation closed circuit operation
Operating mode: Temperature range	Continuous operation	n	Ordering example for vari	
Operation:	- 20 + 60 °C			
Storage:	- 25 + 70 °C		<u>AN 5873</u> <u>.11</u> / <u>A</u>	<u>C 230 V 50 kΩ</u>
Altitude:	< 2,000 m			
Clearance and creepage				Respons
distances				Auxiliary
overvoltage category /				Variant, i
pollution degree:				Contacts
Meas. circuit to auxiliary voltage				Туре
and relay contact:	6 kV / 2	IEC 60 664-1		
Auxiliary voltage to relay contact:	. 6 kV / 2	IEC 60 664-1	Accessories	
Insulation test voltage			Accessories	
Routine test:	AC 4 kV; 1 s		AG 5876.11/031:	pre-warning device
EMC	O(1)/(a + b + a)		EH 5861/004:	indicating instrument,
Electrostatic discharge:	6 kV (contact)	IEC/EN 61 000-4-2		degree of protection: IP &
LIC investigations	8 kV (air)	IEC/EN 61 000-4-2		Article number: 0030618
HF irradiation	00.11/m			
80 MHz 1 Ghz: 1 GHz 2.7 GHz:	20 V / m 10 V / m	IEC/EN 61 000-4-3 IEC/EN 61 000-4-3		
Fast transients:	2 kV	IEC/EN 61 000-4-3		The indicating device
Surge voltages	2 KV	IEC/EN 01 000-4-4	kΩ 300 ⁵⁰⁰	externally connected
between A1 - A2 and L+, L-:	2 kV	IEC/EN 61 000-4-5	200	monitor and shows th
between A1. A2 - PE:	4 kV	IEC/EN 61 000-4-5		tion resistance of the
between control lines:	1 kV	IEC/EN 61 000-4-5	-60	to ground.
between control lines			-40	Dimensions:
and ground:	1 kV	IEC/EN 61 000-4-5		Width x height x depth
HF-wire guided:	10 V	IEC/EN 61 000-4-6	1 57 9.51	96 x 96 x 52 mm
Interference suppression:	Limit value class B	EN 55 011	0-01-	
Degree of protection				
Housing:	IP 40	IEC/EN 60 529		
Terminals:	IP 20	IEC/EN 60 529	Connection Examples	
Housing:	Thermoplastic with		Connection Examples	
	according to UL sub		14	
Vibration resistance:		IEC/EN 60 068-2-6		
	frequency 10 55 H		L3	
Climate resistance:	20 / 060 / 04	IEC/EN 60 068-1	PE	
Terminal designation:	EN 50 005			
Wire connection			R	
Cross section:	2 x 2,5 mm ² solid or			
	2 x 1,5 mm ² strande		$\begin{bmatrix} L1 \\ L+ \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} L2 \\ L- \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} L3 \\ L3 \end{bmatrix}$	PE A1 A2
Obvious in a loss of h	DIN 46 228-1/-2/-3/-	-4	-0-0-0-0-00	·-0-·-·0·0·
Stripping length:	10 mm	alf lifting		111 i
Wire fixing:	Flat terminals with s			
Fixing torgue:	clamping piece	IEC/EN 60 999-1	AN5873	7
Mounting:	0.8 Nm DIN rail	IEC/EN 60 715		12 14
5		IEC/EN 60 / 15	-0-0-0	
Weight:	500 g		11 12 14	X5 ¦ILT1 ILT2 X3 X4
Dimensions				
				/
Width x height x depth:	100 x 78 x 115 mm		M6953 a	4 +
maan x noight x dopun.			-	EH5861/004

X5 ° LT1 ° manual reset X5 o automatic

L1/L2/L3 or L+/L-: U_N A1/A2: U_H

LT1 ° reset

3

indicating instrument, degree of protection: IP 52 Article number: 0030618

The indicating device EH 5861 is externally connected to the insulation monitor and shows the actual insulation resistance of the voltage system to ground. Dimensions: Width x height x depth 96 x 96 x 52 mm

U_N

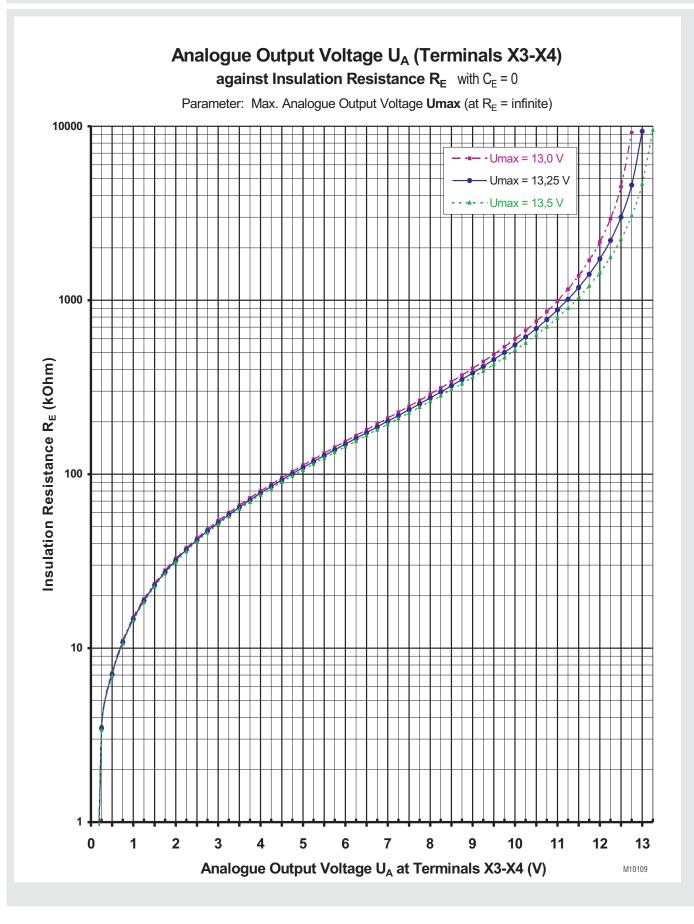
EH5861/004

Response value Auxiliary voltage Variant, if required

Contacts Туре

AN 5873.11/102 AC230 V	50 kΩ
Article number:	0032573
	1 abangaovar contact
Output:	1 changeover contact
 Auxiliary voltage U_H: 	AC 230 V
Response value R _{AN} :	50 kΩ
Closed circuit operation	
Width:	100 mm
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

Standard Type



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